

Measles Vaccine Recommendations

Age / Status	Recommendations
6-12 months	Children can be given MMR if they have been exposed, if they are in an outbreak setting, or if they are travelling to a measles-endemic area. Children who receive MMR before their first birthday should receive two additional doses according to the routine schedule.
12-15 months	Children receive first MMR dose.
4-6 years old	Children receive second MMR dose. If both doses are needed for catch-up, they should be given at least 28 days apart.
7-19 years old	Children who have not received two doses of MMR should get the vaccine. If both doses are needed for catch-up, they should be given at least 28 days apart.
Adults born:	<i>If unsure of vaccination status, it is safe to give an additional MMR dose.</i>
Before 1957	are considered immune.
1957-1967	can consider getting an MMR dose due to a less effective vaccine available in the 1960s.
After 1967	are considered immune if they have received one or two doses of vaccine.
Pregnancy	Pregnant people should not receive the MMR vaccine. If exposed to measles, they should receive immune globulin within 6 days of exposure.
People exposed to measles should receive MMR within 72 hours of exposure if they are:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not fully vaccinated or had measles, and • Born after 1957, and • Over six months of age, and • Not pregnant, and • Not immunocompromised 	

Call the Sedgwick County Health Department at **316-660-7300** to schedule a vaccination appointment.

Source: <https://www.cdc.gov/measles/hcp/vaccine-considerations/index.html>



**Health
Department**

